Network Dynamics Winter 2013/14

# Assignment 11

Ausgabe: 15 Jan 2014 Abgabe: 22 Jan 2014

### Problem 1: Potential games

(a) Prove or disprove that the following bimatrix game

$$\Gamma_1 = \left( \begin{array}{cc} (0,3) & (1,2) \\ (3,1) & (2,0) \end{array} \right)$$

is a potential game.

*Hint*: Use the characterization mentioned in the lecture.

(b) Prove or disprove that the following bimatrix game

$$\Gamma_2 = \left( \begin{array}{cc} (1,0) & (2,0) \\ (2,0) & (0,1) \end{array} \right)$$

is an ordinal potential game.

#### **Problem 2: Friendship networks**

Consider the formation of a friendship network of n neurotic persons. A neurotic person wants to have many friends but wants these friends not to be friends among each other. We formulate this scenario as a strategic game  $\Gamma = (A, S, u)$  such that

- $A = \{1, \ldots, n\}$  is the set of persons,
- $S = S_1 \times \cdots \times S_n$  where  $S_i = \mathcal{P}(\{(i, j) \mid j \in A \setminus \{i\}\})$ , i.e., *i*'s strategy is basically a set of selected persons; here, we consider friendship as a directed relationship which needs not necessarily be mutually confirmed,
- $u = (u_1, \ldots, u_n)$  where  $u_i(s_1, \ldots, s_n)$  is the number of pairs  $\{j, k\}$  such that  $(i, j), (i, k) \in s_i$  but neither  $(j, k) \in s_j$  nor  $(k, j) \in s_k$ .

Find a Nash equilibrium of  $\Gamma$  for *n* persons.

*Hint*: The Nash equilibrium is not unique.

## 10 Points

10 Points

#### Problem 3: Netlogo

Consider again the neurotic-network formation process in Problem 2. Assume that the utility functions are modified. That is, we consider a game  $\Gamma = (A, S, u')$  where A and S are the same as above but  $u'_i$  is defined as

 $u'_{i}(s_{1},\ldots,s_{n}) =_{\text{def}} \|s_{i}\| - \|\{\{j,k\} \mid (i,j), (i,k) \in s_{i} \land ((j,k) \in s_{j} \lor (k,j) \in s_{k})\}\|,$ 

i.e., i's utility is the out-degree minus the number of pairs of simply connected friends.

For the local transition functions, we further assume that each person i in response to a given strategy profile  $s = (s_1, \ldots, s_n)$  selects some strategy  $\bar{s}_i \in S_i$  such that  $u'_i(\bar{s}_i, s_i)$  is maximized.

- (a) Design a Netlogo program to simulate the game  $\Gamma$  for 10 persons assuming that each person updates according to the given local transition functions.
- (b) Chart the time-series of the average out-degree for 10 persons and 100 iterations, averaged over 10 runs.