UNIVERSITY OF KONSTANZ ALGORITHMICS Prof. Dr. U. Brandes, PD Dr. S. Kosub, Dr. Habiba, D. Schoch Network Analysis Summer 2014

Assignment 2

Issue date: 01 May 2014 **Due date:** 08 May 2014, 11:00 It is explicitly recommended to solve exercises in groups of two.

Exercise 1: Counting graphs

2+2 Points

- Give the number of isomorphic graphs in each non–isomorphic graph class on 4 vertices.
- Draw <u>one</u> graph from each non-isomorphic graph class on 4 vertices.

Exercise 2: Degree sequences

2+2+4+2+2 Points

- (a) Prove that the number of vertices with odd degree is even in every simple graph G = (V, E).
- (b) Prove:

 $\forall G = (V, E), \quad \exists u, v \in V : deg(u) = deg(v).$

where G = (V, E) is a simple graph with $|V| = n \ge 2$.

(c) A sequence of natural numbers is called **graphic** if it is the degree sequence of a simple graph.

Which of the following degree sequences are graphic and which are not? Draw one example of a simple graph for each graphical sequence or explain why any of the sequence is not graphical.

- [6, 4, 3, 2, 2, 2, 2]
- [7, 5, 5, 3, 2, 2]
- [6, 5, 5, 2, 2, 2, 2]
- [6, 4, 4, 2, 2, 2, 2]
- [17, 15, 14, 12, 12, 10, 9, 8, 8, 7, 7, 6, 5, 5, 4, 3, 2, 2, 1, 1]

- (d) Draw all the graphs that realize the following degree sequences:
 - [10, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
 - [4, 4, 4, 4, 4]
 - [2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1]

If there are too many realizable graphs for any of the above degree sequences, it suffices to give an informal description instead of drawing all the possible graphs.

(e) A k-regular graph is a graph in which each vertex has has degree k. Draw 2 non-isomorphic 2-regular graphs with 6 vertices.

Please submit your answers electronically to teaching assistant Habiba (habiba@uni-konstanz.de).